CHAPTER 4

DUTY EXEMPTION / REMISSION SCHEMES

4.00 Objective

Schemes under this Chapter enable duty free import of inputs for export production, including replenishment of inputs or duty remission.

4.01 Schemes

(a)

- The Duty Exemption schemes consist of the following North Traveleged authority

 Advance Authorisation (AA) (- '
 Authorisation for '
- Duty Free Import Authorisation (DFIA).
- **Duty Remission Scheme.** (b)

Duty Drawback (DBK) Scheme, administered by Department of Revenue.

4.02 Applicability of Policy & Procedures

Authorisation under this Chapter shall be issued in accordance with the Policy and Procedures in force on the date of issue of the Authorisation.

- (a) and Advance Authorisation is issued to allow duty free import of input, which is physically incorporated in export product (mail) allowance for wastage). In addition, fuel, oil, catalyst which is consumed / utilized in the process of production of export product, may also be allowed.
- Advance Authorisation is issued for inputs in relation to resultant (b) product, on the following basis:
- (i) As per Standard Input Output Norms (SION) notified (available in Hand Book of Procedures);

On the basis of self declaration as per paragraph 4.07 of Handbook of (ii) Procedures.

OR

Applicant specific prior fixation of norm by the Norms Committee. (iii)

OR

On the basis of Self Ratification Scheme in terms of Para 4.07. of (iv)

4.04 Advance Authorisation for Spices

Duty free import of spices covered under Chapter-9 of LTC (HS) shall be permitted only for activities like crushing/grinding differilization / manufacture of oils or places. manufacture of oils or oleoresins. Authorisation shall not be available for simply cleaning, grading, re-packing etc.

Special Advance Authorisation Scheme for export of 4.04 A Articles of Apparel and Clothing accessories.

Duty free import of fabric under Special Advance Authorisation Scheme for export of Articles of Apparekand Clothing Accessories' shall be allowed, as (i) The authorisation shall be issued based on Standard Input Committee.

(ii) The authorisation of prior fixation of norms by Norma Committee.

- (ii) fabrics including inter lining only as input. No other input, packing material, fuel, oil and catalyst shall be allowed for import under this authorisation.
 - Exporters shall be eligible for All Industry Rate of Duty (iii) Drawback, for non fabric inputs, as determined by Central Government for this scheme. For the purpose of value addition norm of Para 4.08 of FTP, the value of any other input used on

which benefit of Drawback is claimed or intended to be claimed shall be equal to 22% of the FOB value of export realised. Minimum value addition shall be as per Para 4.09 of FTP.

- Where the exporter desires to claim drawback determined and (iv) fixed by Jurisdictional Customs Authority (brand rate), he shall follow Para 4.15 of FTP regarding declarations to be made in application for the authorisation and make export under claim for brand rate. In such cases the value addition shall be as per Para 4.08 of FTP. Minimum value addition shall be as per Para
- 4.09 of FTP.

 Authorisation, and the fabric imported, shall be subject to (v) actual user condition. The same shall be non transferable even after completion of export obligation. However fabric imported may be transferred for job work in terms of provisions of GST Acts under intimation to the Customs withority at the port of registration (excluding to units located in areas eligible for area based exemption from Central Excise Duty). Invalidation of the Authorisation shall not be permitted.
- The fabric imported shall be subject to pre-import condition and it shall be physically incorporated in the export product (making normal allowance for wastage). Only Physical exports shall fulfil the export obligation.
- Provisions of paragraphs 4.02, 4.05(a), 4.13(i), 4.13(ii), 4.14, (vii) 4.15, 4.17, 4.21(i), 4.21(ii), 4.21 (iii), 4.21(v), 4.22(i), and 4.24 of Foreign Trade Policy shall be applicable in so far as they are not inconsistent with this scheme.

- (a) and advance Authorisation can be issued either to a manufacturer exporter or merchant exporter tied to supporting manufacturer
- (b) Advance Authorisation for pharmaceutical products manufactured through Non-Infringing (NI) process (as indicated in paragraph 4.18 of Handbook of Procedures) shall be issued to manufacturer exporter only.
- (c) Advance Authorisation shall be issued for:

- (i) Physical export (including export to SEZ);
- (ii) Intermediate supply; and/or
- (iii) Supply of goods to the categories mentioned in paragraph 7.02 (b), (c), (e), (f), (g) and (h) of this FTP.
- (iv) Supply of 'stores' on board of foreign going vessel / aircraft, subject to condition that there is specific Standard Input Output Norms in respect of item supplied.

4.06 Advance Authorisation for Annual Requirement

- Advance Authorisation for Annual Requirement shall only be issued for items notified in Standard Input Output Norms (SMAIL) shall not be available in case of (i) shall not be available in case of adhoc norms under paragraph 4.03 (b)(ii) of FTP.

 Advance Authorisation for Annual Requirement shall also not be
- (ii) available in respect of SION where any item of input appears in Appendix 4-J.

 Eligibility Condition to obtain Advance Authorisation for Annual Requirement

4.07

- Exporters having past export performance (in at least preceding two (i) financial years) shall be entitled for Advance Authorisation for Annual requirement.
- Entitlement in terms of CIF value of imports shall be upto 300% of (ii) the FOB value of physical export and / or FOR value of deemed export in preceding financial year or Rs 1 crore, whichever is higher.

Self Ratification Scheme 4.07A

Where there is no SION/valid Adhoc Norms for an export product and where SION has been notified but exporter intends to use additional inputs in the manufacturing process, eligible exporter can apply for an Advance Authorisation under this scheme on self declaration and self ratification basis. RA may issue Advance Authorisations and such cases need not be referred to Norms Committees for ratification of norms. Application under this scheme shall be made along with a Certificate from Chartered Engineer in the prescribed format.

- A Certificate from a Chartered Engineer who has been not been ii. penalised in the last five years under FT(D&R) Act 1992, Customs Act 1962, Central Excise Act 1944, GST Acts and allied acts and rules made there under shall only be accepted for grant of Authorisation under this scheme.
- Detailed procedure for administering the scheme shall be iii. prescribed in the Handbook of Procedures.
- An exporter (manufacturer or merchant) who holds AEO iv. Certificate under Common Accreditation Programme of CB €C is eligible to opt for this scheme.
- The scheme shall not be available for the following export V. products.
 - oducts.

 a) All items covered under Chapter-1 to 24 and Chapter-71 of ITC(HS) Classification;

 b) Biotechnology items and related products; and
- c) SCOMET items.

 The scheme shall not be available for the following inputs. vi.
 - a) All vegetable / edible oils classified under Chapter-15 and all types of oilseeds classified under Chapter-12 of ITC (HS) book; Policy
 - b) All types of cereals classified under Chapter-10 of ITC (HS) book; &
 - c) Horn, host and any other organ of animal;
- Chapter-7 and Chapter-8 of ITC (HS) book;
 h) Items covered under heading 2515 3303 6801 and 6900

 - classification.
 - j) Acetic Anhydride, Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine;
 - k) Vitamins;
 - l) Biotechnology items and related products;
 - m)Insecticides, Rodenticides, Fungicides, herbicides, Anti sprouting products, and plant growth regulators,

disinfectants and similar products of all forms, types and grades;

- n) Waste/Scrap of all types; and
- o) Second hand goods.
- vii. Inputs imported shall be subject to pre import condition and they shall be physically incorporated in the export product (making normal allowance for wastage). In case of local procurement under invalidation/ARO, the inputs shall be procured prior to manufacture of export item and shall be physically incorporated in the export product.
- viii. Wherever value of by-products and recoverable wastage generated during manufacturing process is more than 5% of CIF value, corresponding quantity of main input shall be reduced from the entitlement to the extent that value of disallowed quantity is equal to the value of by-products and recoverable wastage generated during manufacturing process.
 - ix. DGFT or any person authorised by him may conduct audit of the manufacturer. The frequency and manner of audit shall be prescribed by DGFT in Handbook of Procedures. The manufacturer shall be required to provide the necessary facility to verify the books of account/other documents as required, give information and assistance for timely completion of the audit. Non-availability of production and consumption documents/data shall be treated as misdeclaration and indulgence in fraudulent activities and shall be penalised under FT(D&R) Act, as amended and rules made where under.

Act, as amended and rules made DGFT or any person authorised by him may initiate special audit, considering the nature and complexity of the case and revenue of government, if he is of the opinion at any stage of scrutiny/enquiry/investigation that the norms have not been claimed correctly or the excess benefit has been availed. Special audit can be conducted even if the manufacturer has already been audited before.

xi. If the audit results in detection of misdeclaration and/or instances of claiming of inputs which are not used in manufacturing process or excess quantity of inputs than

consumed, demand and recovery actions will be initiated in addition to initiation of action against the authorisation holder, manufacturer and Chartered Engineer in terms of Foreign Trade Development and Regulation Act 1992 and/or Customs Act 1962, as amended and rules made there under.

- In cases where Chartered Engineer has not exercised due xii. diligence or has willfully become party to misdeclaration action will be initiated under against such person under FT(D&R) Ast 1992, as amended and rules made there under. In addition, such cases shall also be referred to 'The Institute of Engineers India for taking action as warranted under the bylaws of the institute.
- All the provisions applicable for Advance Authorisation Scheme xiii. shall be applicable to this scheme also in so far they are not inconsistent with this scheme.

4.08 Value Addition

Value Addition for the purpose of this Chapter (except for Gems and Jewellery sector for which value addition is prescribed in paragraph 4.38 of FTP) shall be:-

$$VA = \frac{A-B}{VA}$$

$$VA = \frac{A-B$$

B =CIF value of inputs covered by Authorisation, plus value of any other input seed on which benefit of DBK is claimed or intended to be claimed.

4:09 Minimum Value Addition

- (i) Minimum value addition required to be achieved under Advance Authorisation is 15%.
- Export Products where value addition could be less than 15% are (ii) given in Appendix 4D.
- Deleted (iii)

- (iv) Minimum value addition for Gems & Jewellery Sector is given in paragraph 4.61 of Handbook of Procedures.
- In case of Tea, minimum value addition shall be 50%. (v)

4.10 Import of Mandatory Spares

Import of mandatory spares which are required to be exported / supplied with the resultant product shall be permitted duty free to the extent of 10% of CIF value of Authorisation.

4.11 Ineligible categories of import on Self Declaration basis

- Import of following products shall not be permissible on self-declaration basis: (a)
 - ration basis:

 All vegetable / edible oils classified under Chapter-15 and all (i) types of oilseeds classified under Chapter-12 of ITC (HS) book;
 - All types of cereals classified under Chapter-10 of ITC (HS) (ii) book:
 - All Spices other than light black perper (light berries) having a (iii) basic customs duty of more than 30%, classified under Chapter-9 and 12 of ITC (HS) book;
 - All types of fruits/ vegetables having a basic customs duty of (iv) more than 30%, classified under Chapter-7 and Chapter-8 of ITC (HS) book; Horn, Hoof and any other organ of animal;
 - (v)
 - (vi)
 - Rough Marble Blocks/Slabs; and (vii)
 - (viii) Rough Grassite.
 - Vitamins except for use in pharmaceutical industry. (ix)
- For export of perfumes, perfumery compounds and various feed (b) ingrestients containing vitamins, no Authorisation shall be issued by Regional Authority under paragraph 4.07 of Handbook Procedures and applicants shall be required to apply under paragraph 4.06 of Hand Book of Procedures to the Norms Committee.
- (c) Where export and/or import of biotechnology items and related products are involved, Authorisation under paragraph 4.07 of Handbook of Procedures shall be issued by Regional Authority only on submission of a "No Objection Certificate" from Department of Biotechnology.

4.12 Accounting of Input

- (i) Wherever SION permits use of either (a) a generic input or (b) alternative input, unless the name of the specific input together with quantity [which has been used in manufacturing the export product] gets indicated / endorsed in the relevant shipping bill and these inputs, so endorsed, within quantity specified and match the description in the relevant bill of entry, the concerned Authorisation will not be redeemed. In other words, the name/description of the input used (or to be used) in the Authorisation must match exactly with the name/description endorsed in the shipping bill
- In addition, if in any SION, a single quantity has been indicated (ii) against a number of inputs (more than one inputs), then quantities of such inputs to be permitted for import shall be in proportion to the quantity of these inputs actually used/consumed in production, within overall quantity against such grown of inputs. Proportion of these inputs actually used/consumed in production of export product shall be clearly indicated in hipping bills.
- At the time of discharge of export obligation (issue of EODC) or at (iii) the time of redemption, Regional Authority shall allow only those inputs which have been specifically indicated in the shipping bill together with quantity?
- The above provisions will also be applicable for supplies to SEZs and (iv) supplies made under Deemed exports. Details as given above will have to be indicated in the relevant Bill of Export, ARE-3, Central 4.13 Pre-import condition in certain cases

 (i) DGFT may 1 Excise sertified Invoice / import document / Tax Invoice for export

- DGFT may, by Notification, impose pre-import condition for inputs under this Chapter.
- (ii) Import items subject to pre-import condition are listed in Appendix 4-J or will be as indicated in Standard Input Output Norms (SION).
- Import of drugs from unregistered sources shall have pre-import (iii) condition.

4.14 Details of Duties exempted

Imports under Advance Authorisation are exempted from payment of Basic Customs Duty, Additional Customs Duty, Education Cess, Anti-dumping Duty, Countervailing Duty, Safeguard Duty, Transition Product Specific Safeguard Duty, wherever applicable. Import against supplies covered under paragraph 7.02 (c), (d) and (g) of FTP will not be exempted from payment of applicable Anti-dumping Duty, Countervailing Duty, Safeguard Duty and Transition Product Specific Safeguard Duty, if any. However, imports under Advance Authorisation for physical exports are also exempt from whole of the integrated tax and Compensation Cess leviable under sub-section (7) and sub-section (9) respectively, of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), as may be provided in the notification issued by Department of Revenue, and such imports shall be subject to pre-import condition. Imports against Advance Authorisations for physical exports are exempted from Integrated Tax and Compensation Cess upto 01.10.2018 only.ⁱ

4.15 Admissibility of Drawback

Drawback as per rate determined and fixed by Customs authority in terms of DoR Rules shall be available for duty paid imported or indigenous inputs (not specified in the norms) used in the export product. For this purpose, applicant shall indicate clearly details of duty paid input in the application for Advance Authorisation. As per details mentioned in the application, Regional Authority shall also clearly endorse details of such duty paid inputs in the condition sheet of the Advance Authorisation.

- 4.16 Actual User Condition for Advance Authorisation
 (i) Advance Authorisation and / or material imported under Advance Authorisation shall be subject to 'Actual User' condition. The same shall not be transferable even after completion of authorisation Actual User' Actual User's shall not be transferable even after completion of authorisation and / or material imported under Advance and Market State However, Authorisation holder will have option to dispose of product manufactured out of duty free input once export obligation is completed.
- In case where CENVAT/input tax credit facility on input has been (ii) availed for the exported goods, even after completion of export obligation, the goods imported against such Advance Authorisation shall be utilized only in the manufacture of dutiable goods whether within the same factory or outside (by supporting

manufacturer). For this, the Authorisation holder shall produce a certificate from either the jurisdictional Customs Authority or Chartered Accountant, at the option of the exporter, at the time of filing application for Export Obligation Discharge Certificate to Regional Authority concerned.

Waste / Scrap arising out of manufacturing process, as allowed, can (iii) be disposed off on payment of applicable duty even before fulfillment of export obligation.

4.17 Validity Period for Import and its Extension

Validity Period for Import and its Extension

Validity period for import under Advance Authorisation shall be as prescribed in Handbook of Procedures.

prescribed in Handbook of Procedures. Importability/Export ability of items that are Prohibited/Restricted/STE No export or import of an item shall be allowed under Advance Authorization / DELA if the item is a result of 4.18 Importability/Export

- (i) Authorisation / DFIA if the item is profibited for exports or imports respectively. Export of a prohibited item may be allowed under Advance Authorisation provided it is separately so notified, subject to the conditions given thereigh
- Items reserved for imports by STEs cannot be imported against (ii) Advance Authorisation / DFIA. However, those items can be procured from STES against ARO or Invalidation letter. also allowed to sell goods on High Sea Sale basis to holders of Advance Authorisation / DFIA holder. STEs are also permitted to issue "No Dijection Certificate(NOC)" for import by Advance Authorisation / DFIA holder. Authorisation Holder would be required to file Quarterly Returns of imports effected against such to concerned STE and STE would submit half-yearly import Sigures of such imports to concerned administrative Department for monitoring with a copy endorsed to DGFT.
- (iii) Items reserved for export by STE can be exported under Advance Authorisation / DFIA only after obtaining a 'No Objection Certificate' from the concerned STE.
- Import of restricted items shall be allowed under Advance (iv) Authorisation/DFIA.

(v) Export of restricted / SCOMET items however, shall be subject to all conditionalities or requirements of export authorisation permission, as may be required, under Schedule 2 of ITC (HS).

4.19 Free of Cost Supply by Foreign Buyer

Advance Authorisation shall also be available where some or all inputs are supplied free of cost to exporter by foreign buyer. In such cases, notional value of free of cost input shall be added in the CIF value of import and FQB value of export for the purpose of computation of value addition. However, realization of export proceeds will be equivalent to an amount excluding notional value of such input.

4.20 Domestic Sourcing of Inputs

- Digits will only have less to the loss of (i) Holder of an Advance Authorisation Authorisation can procure inputs from indigenous supplier/ State Trading Enterprise/EOU/EHTP/BTP/STP in lieu of direct import. Such procurement can be against Advance Release Order (ARO), or
- Invalidation Letter.

 When domestic supplier intends to obtain duty free material for (ii) inputs through Advance Asthorisation for supplying resultant product to another Advance Authorisation / DFIA / EPCG Authorisation, Regional Authority shall issue Invalidation Letter.
- Regional Authority shall issue Advance Release Order if the domestic (iii) supplier intends to seek refund of duties exempted through Deemed Exports mechanism as per provisions under Chapter-7 of FTP.
- Regional Authority may issue Advance Release Order or Invalidation (iv) Letters at the time of issue of Authorisation simultaneously or subsequently.
- Advance Authorisation holder under DTA can procure inputs from / SEZ units without obtaining Advance Release Order or Invalidation Letter.
- (vi) Deleted
- (vii) Validity of Advance Release Order / Invalidation Letter shall be coterminous with validity of Authorisation.

4.21 Currency for Realisation of Export Proceeds.

- (i) Export proceeds shall be realized in freely convertible currency except otherwise specified. Provisions regarding realisation and non realisation of export proceeds are given in paragraph 2.52, 2.53 and 2.54 of FTP.
- Deleted (ii)
- Export to SEZ Units shall be taken into account for discharge of export obligation provided (iii) export obligation provided payment is realised from Foreign Currency Account of the SEZ unit.

 Export to SEZ Developers / Co-developers can also be taken into
- (iv) account for discharge of export obligation even if payment is realised in Indian Rupees.

 Authorisation holder needs to file Bill of Export for export to SEZ unit
- (v) / developer / co-developer in accordance with the procedures given in SEZ Rules, 2006.
 4.22 Export Obligation Period and its Extension

Period for fulfilment of export obligation and its extension under Advance Authorisation shall be as prescribed in Handbook of Procedures.

4.23 Deleted 4.24 Re-import of exported goods under Duty Exemption / Remission Scheme Scheme Goods exported under Advance Authorisation/ Duty Free Import

Authorisation may be re-imported in same or substantially same form subject to such conditions as may be specified by Department of Revenue. Authorisation holder shall also inform about such re-importation to the Regional Authority which had issued the Authorisation within one month from date of re-import.

DUTY FREE IMPORT AUTHORISATION SCHEME (DFIA)

4.25 DFIA Scheme

(a) Duty Free Import Authorisation is issued to allow duty free import of inputs. In addition, import of oil and catalyst which is consumed /

utilised in the process of production of export product, may also be allowed.

- (b) Provisions of paragraphs 4.12, 4.18, 4.20, 4.21 and 4.24 of FTP shall be applicable to DFIA also.
- (c) Export of white sugar under DFIA is allowed under SION Sl.No-E 52 till 30.9.2018 and DFIA in such cases shall be issued only on or after 1.10.2019. Such DFIAs shall be valid for imports till 30.9.2021. ii

4.26 Duties Exempted

- (i)
- (ii)
- Duty Free Import Authorisation shall be exempted only from payment of Basic Customs Duty (BCD).

 Deleted

 Drawback as per rate determined and fixed by Customs authority shall be available for duty paid inputs whether imported and indigence. (iii) indigenous, used in the export product. However, in case such drawback is claimed for inputs not specified in SION, the applicant should have indicated clearly details of such duty paid inputs also in the application for Duty Free Import Authorisation, and as per the details mentioned in the application, the Regional Authority should also have clearly endorse details of such duty paid inputs in the condition sheet of the Duty Free Import Authorisation.

4.27 Eligibility

- Eligibility

 Duty Free Import Authorisation shall be issued on post export basis (i) for products for which Standard Input Output Norms have been notified &
- Merchant Exporter shall be required to mention name and address of document viz. Shipping Bill/ Bill of Export / Tay Invoice on the export prescribed with a specified with the second secon prescribed under the GST rules.
- Application is to be filed with concerned Regional Authority before (iii) effecting export under Duty Free Import Authorisation.
- No Duty Free Import Authorisation shall be issued for an input which (iv) is subjected to pre-import condition or where SION prescribes 'Actual User' condition or Appendix-4| prescribes pre import

condition for such an input. However, this restriction is not applicable for 'Raw Sugar' on exports made till 30.9.2018.ⁱⁱⁱ

4.28 Minimum Value Addition

Minimum value addition of 20% shall be required to be achieved.

4.29 Validity & Transferability of DFIA

- (i) Applicant shall file online application to Regional Authority concerned before starting export under DFIA.
- (ii) Export shall be completed within 12 months from the date of online filing of application and generation of file number.
 (iii) While doing export/supply, applicant shall indicate file number on
- (iii) While doing export/supply, applicant shall indicate file number on the export /supply documents viz. Shipping Bill / / Bill of Export / Tax invoice for supply prescribed under (ST rules.
- (iv) In terms of Para 4.12 of FTP, Wherever SION permits use of either (a) a generic input or (b) alternative input, the specific input together with quantity [which has been used in manufacturing the export product] should be indicated / endorsed in the relevant Shipping Bill / Bill of Export / Tax invoice for supply prescribed under GST rules. Only such inputs may be permitted for import in the authorisation in proportion to the grantity of these inputs actually used/consumed in production, within overall quantity against such generic input/alternative input.
- (v) In addition, if in any SION, a single quantity has been indicated against a number of inputs (more than one input), then quantities of such inputs to be permitted for import shall be in proportion to the quantity of these inputs actually used/consumed in production and declared in Shipping Bill / Bill of Export / Tax invoice for supply prescribed under GST rules within overall quantity against such group of inputs. Proportion of these inputs actually used/consumed in production of export product shall be clearly indicated in Shipping Bill / Bill of Export / Tax invoice for supply prescribed under GST rules.
- (vi) Separate DFIA shall be issued for each SION.

- (vii) Exports under DFIA shall be made from any port listed in Para 4.37 of Handbook of Procedure. However, separate application shall be made for EDI and non-EI ports. In case export is made from a non-EDI port, separate application shall be made for each non-EDI port. iv
- (viii) Regional Authority shall issue transferable DFIA with a validity of 12 months from the date of issue. No further revalidation shall be granted by Regional Authority.

4.30 Sensitive Items under Duty Free Import Authorisation

- In respect of following inputs, exporter shall be required to provide declaration with regard to technical characteristics. (a) declaration with regard to technical characteristics, quality and specification in Shipping Bill:

 "Alloy steel including Stainless Steel, Copper Allow, Synthetic Rubber,
 - Bearings, Solvent, Perfumes / Essential Oil Aromatic Chemicals, Marble. Fabrics. Articles Surfactants. Relevant Polypropylene, Articles made of Paper and Paper Board, Insecticides, Lead Ingots, Zinc Ingots, Citric Acid, Relevant Glass fibre reinforcement (Glass fibre, Chopped / Stranded Mat, Roving Woven Surfacing Mat), Relevant Synthetic Resin (unsaturated Polyester Resin, Epoxy Resin, Vinyl Feter Resin, Hydroxy Ethyl Cellulose), Lining Material".
- While issuing Duty Ree Import Authorisation, Regional Authority (b) shall mention tecknical characteristics, quality and specification in respect of above in the Authorisation.

SCHEMES FOR EXPORTERS OF GEMSAND JEWELLERY

4.31 Import of Input

Experters of gems and Jewellery can import / procure duty free (excluding Mitegrated Tax and Compensation Cess leviable under Section 3(7) and 3(9) of customs Tariff Act) input for manufacture of export product.

4.32 Items of Export

Following items, if exported, would be eligible:

(i) Gold jewellery, including partly processed jewellery and articles medallions including and coins (excluding legal tender coins), whether plain or studded, containing gold of 8 carats and above up to a maximum limit of 22 carats:

- Silver jewellery including partly processed jewellery, silverware, (ii) silver strips and articles including medallions and coins (excluding legal tender coins and any engineering goods) containing more than 50% silver by weight;
- Platinum jewellery including partly processed jewellery and articles (iii) including medallions and coins (excluding legal tender coins and any engineering goods) containing more than 50% platinum by weight.

4.33 Schemes

The schemes are as follows:

- Advance Procurement / Replenishment of Precious Metals from Nominated Agencies;
 Replenishment Authorisation for Gems; Replenishment Authorisation for Constitute.

 Advance Authorisation for Precious Metals from Replenishment Authorisation for Constitute. (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)

4.34 Advance Procurement/ Reptenishment of Precious Metals from Nominated Agencies (i) Exporter of golder silver / platinum jewellery and articles thereof

including mountings and findings may obtain gold / silver / platinum as an input for export product from Nominated Agency, in advance or as repleasishment after export in accordance with the procedure specified in this behalf.

No replenishment of the precious metal shall be available to the exporter/manufacturer where the exporter/manufacturer avails any of the benefits in respect of exported product.

- a. CENVAT Credit is availed on inputs or services by the manufacturer.
- b. Finished goods stage rebate is availed under Notification No 19/2004-CE (NT) dated 06.09.2004.

- c. Input stage rebate is availed in respect of duty of excise paid on the precious metal bar or articles of precious metal under Notification No 21/2004-CE(NT) dated 06.09.2004.
- d. Precious metal or articles of precious metal are procured by the manufacturer under rule 19(2) of the Central Excise Rules, 2002.
- e. Input Tax Credit is availed on inputs or services or both by the exporter under Chapter V of CGST Act; or refund of ITC or refund of IGST is availed under section 54 of the CGST Act.
- The export would be subject to wastage norms and minimum value addition as prescribed in paragraph 4.60 and 4.61 (ii) addition as prescribed in paragraph 4.60 and 4.61 respectively in the Handbook of Procedures.

 Replenishment Authorisation for Gems

 Exporter may obtain Replenishment Authorisation for Gems from

4.35 Replenishment Authorisation for Gems

- (i) Regional Authority in accordance with procedure specified in Handbook of Procedures as per the reprenishment rate prescribed in Appendix 4F. Replenishment Authorisation for Gems shall be freely transferable.

 Replenishment Authorisation for Gems may be issued against export
- (ii) including that made Sagainst supply by Nominated Agency (paragraph 4.41 of FTP) and against supply by foreign buyer (paragraph 4.45 of PTP).
- In the case of studded gold/silver/platinum jewellery and articles (iii) thereof, the value of Gem Replenishment Authorisation shall be on the remaining FOB value of exports after deducting the value of gold silver/ platinum including admissible wastage. The scale of reprenishment and the item of import will be as prescribed in Agri Appendix 4G.

436 Replenishment Authorisation for Consumables

(i) Replenishment Authorisation for duty free (excluding Integrated Tax and Compensation cess leviable under Section 3(7) and 3(9) of Customs Tariff Act)import of Consumables, Tools and other items namely, Tags and labels, Security censor on card, Staple wire, Poly bag (as notified by Customs) for Jewellery made out of precious metals (other than Gold & Platinum) equal to 2% and for Cut and Polished Diamonds and Jewellery made out of Gold and Platinum equal to 1% of FOB value of exports of the preceding year, may be issued on production of Chartered Accountant Certificate indicating the export performance. However, in case of Rhodium finished Silver jewellery, entitlement will be 3% of FOB value of exports of such jewellery. This Authorisation shall be non-transferable and subject to actual user condition.

(ii) Application for import of consumables as given above shall be filed online to the concerned Regional Authority in ANF 4H.

4.37 Advance Authorisation for Precious Metals

- Advance Authorisation for Precious Metals

 Advance Authorisation shall be granted on pre-import basis with 'Actual User' condition for duty free (evoluting Internal President Internal (a) 'Actual User' condition for duty free (excluding Integrated Tax and Compensation cess leviable under Section 3(7) and 3(9) of Customs Act)import of:

 Gold of fineness not less than 0.995 and mountings, sockets, Tariff Act)import of:
 - (i) frames and findings of 8 carats and above;
 - Silver of fineness not less than 0.995 and mountings, sockets, (ii) frames and findings containing more than 50% silver by weight;

 Platinum of fine ress not less than 0.900 and mountings,
 - (iii) sockets, frames and findings containing more than 50% platinum by Weight.
- Advance Authorisation shall carry an export obligation which shall (b) be fulfilled as per procedure indicated in Chapter 4 of Handbook of Procedures.
- Value Addition shall be as per paragraph 4.38 of FTP and 4.61 of (c) Mandbook of Procedures.

438 Value Addition

Minimum Value Addition norms for gems and jewellery sector are given in paragraph 4.61 of Handbook of Procedures. It would be calculated as under:

A = FOB value of the export realised / FOR value of supply received.

Value of inputs (including domestically procured) such gold/silver/platinum content in export product plus admissible wastage along with value of other items such as gemstone etc. Wherever gold has been obtained on loan basis, value shall also include interest paid in free foreign exchange to foreign supplier.

Wastage or manufacturing loss for gold/silver/platinum jewellers shall be admissible as per paragraph 4.60 of Handbook of B

admissible as per paragraph 4.60 of Handbook of Procedures.

4.40 DFIA not available

Duty Free Import Authorisation scheme shall not be available for Gems and Jowellow agestor. Nominated Agencies

Exporters may obtain gold Policy silver / platinum from Nominated Agency Exporter in FOLICY durity in CEZ and all lives a validable for Gems evaluable for Gems eval and Jewellery sector.

4.41 Nominated Agencies

- (i) Agency. Exporter in EOU and units in SEZ would be governed by the respective provisions of Chapter-6 of FTP / SEZ Rules, respectively.
- Nominated Agencies are MMTC Ltd, The Handicraft and Handlooms (ii) Exports Corporation of India Ltd, The State Trading Corporation of India Ltd, P&C Ltd, STCL Ltd, MSTC Ltd, and Diamond India Limited.
- Notwithstanding any provision relating to import of gold by (iii) Nonfinated Agencies under Foreign Trade Policy (2015-2020), the import of gold by Four Star and Five Star Houses with Nominated Agency Certificate is subjected to actual user condition and are permitted to import gold as input only for the purpose of manufacture and export by themselves during the remaining validity period of the Nominated Agency certificate.
- Reserve Bank of India can authorize any bank as Nominated Agency. (iv)
- Procedure for import of precious metal by Nominated Agency (other (iv) than those authorized by Reserve Bank of India and the Gems & Jewellery units operating under EOU and SEZ schemes) and the

monitoring mechanism thereof shall be as per the provisions laid down in Hand Book of Procedures.

A bank authorised by Reserve Bank of India is allowed export of gold (v) scrap for refining and import standard gold bars as per Reserve Bank of India guidelines.

4.42 Import of Diamonds for Certification / Grading & Re- export

Following agencies are permitted to import diamonds to their laboratories without any import duty, for the purpose of certification / grading reports, with a condition that the same should be re-exported with the certification/grading reports, as per the procedure laid down in Hand Book Gemological Institute of America (GIA), Mumbai Maharashtra.
Indian Diamond Institute Surat Colored I in Maharashtra. of Procedures:

- (1)
- Indian Diamond Institute, Surat, Gujarat, India (2)
- International Institute of Diamond Grading & Research India Pvt. (3) Ltd., Surat, Gujarat, India.
- HRD Diamond Institute Private Limited, Mumbai, Maharashtra, (4) India
- International Gemological Institute (India) Pvt. Ltd, Bandra Kurla (5)

Complex, Mumbai 4.43 Export of Cut & Polished Diamonds for Certification/ Grading & Re-import

List of authorized labs ratories for certification / grading of diamonds of 0.25 carat and above are given in paragraph 4.74 of Handbook of

Procedures. 4.44 Export of Cut & Polished Diamonds with Re-import Facility at Zerso Duty Angexporter (with annual export turnover of Rs 5 crores for each of the last

three years) or the authorized offices/agencies in India of laboratories mentioned under paragraph 4.74 of Hand Book of Procedures may export cut & polished diamonds (each of 0.25 carat or above) to any of the agencies/laboratories mentioned under paragraph 4.74 of Handbook of Procedures with re-import facility at zero duty within 3months from the date of export. Such facility of re-import at zero duty will be subject to guidelines issued by Central Board of Customs & Excise, Department of Revenue.

4.45 Export against Supply by Foreign Buyer

- (i) Where export orders are placed on nominated agencies / status holder / exporters of three years standing having an annual average turnover of Rupees five crores during preceding three financial years, foreign buyer may supply in advance and free of charge, gold / silver / platinum, alloys, findings and mountings of gold / silver / platinum for manufacture and export.
- (ii) Such supplies can also be in advance and may involve semi-finished jewellery including findings / mountings / components for repairs / re-make and export subject to minimum value addition as prescribed under paragraph 4.61 of Handbook of Procedures. In such cases of export, wastage norms as per paragraph 4.60 of Handbook of Procedures shall apply.
 (iii) Exports may be made by nominated agencies directly or through
- (iii) Exports may be made by nominated agencies directly or through their associates or by status holder / exporter. Import and Export of findings shall be on net to net basis.

4.46 Export Promotion Tours Export of Branded Jewellery

- (i) Nominated Agencies and their associates, with approval of Department of Commerce and with approval of Gem & Jewellery Export Promotion Council (GJEPC), may export gold / silver / platinum jewellery and articles thereof for exhibitions abroad.
- (ii) Personal carriage of gold / silver / platinum jewellery, precious, semp precious stones, beads and articles and export of branded jewellery is also permitted, subject to conditions as in Handbook of Procedures.

4.47 Personal Carriage of Export /Import Parcels

Personal carriage of gems and jewellery export parcels by foreign bound passengers and import parcels by an Indian importer/foreign national may be permitted as per the Handbook of Procedures.

4.48 Export by Post

Export of jewellery through Foreign Post Office including via Speed Post is allowed. The jewellery parcel shall not exceed 20 kgs by weight.

4.49 Private / Public Bonded Warehouse

Private / Public Bonded Warehouses may be set up in SEZ/DTA for import and re-export of cut and polished diamonds, cut and polished coloured gemstones, uncut & unset precious & semi-precious stones, subject to achievement of minimum value addition of 5% by DTA units.

4.49(A)
Import, auction/sale and re-export of rough diamonds by entities, as notified vide PRI Notification 116 (61); A 12 (62) notified vide RBI Notification 116 of 1st April, 2014, as amended from time to time, on consignment or outright basis, will be permitted in Special Notified Zone (SNZ) administered by the operators of SNZ, under supervision of Customs. The procedure of import, auction/ sale and reexport of rough diamonds (unsold) would be as specified by CBEC.

4.50 Diamond & Jewellery Dollar Accounts

- Firms and companies dealing in purchase / sale of rough or cut and (a) polished diamonds / precious metal jewellery plain, minakari and / or studded with / without diamond and / or other stones with a track record of at least two years in import or export of diamonds / coloured gemstones / diamond and coloured gemstones studded jewellery / plain gold jewellery and having an average annual turnover of Rs.3 crove or above during preceding three licensing years may also carry out their business through designated Diamond Dollar Accounts (DDA).
- Dollars in such accounts available from bank finance and / or export (b) proceeds shall be used only for:
 - Import / purchase of rough diamonds from overseas/ local sources;
 - Purchase of cut and polished diamonds, coloured gemstones (ii) and plain gold jewellery from local sources;
 - (iii) Import / purchase of gold from overseas / nominated agencies and repayment of dollar loans from the bank; and
 - Transfer to Rupee Account of exporter. Details of this DDA (iv) Scheme are given in Handbook of Procedures.

A non DDA holder is also permitted to supply cut and polished (c) diamonds to DDA holder, receive payment in dollars and convert the same into Rupees within 7 days. Cut and polished diamonds and coloured gemstones so supplied by non-DDA holder will also be counted towards discharge of his export obligation and/ or entitle him to replenishment Authorisation.

4.51 Export of cut & polished precious and semi-precious stones for treatment and re-import

Gems and Jewellery exporters shall be allowed to export cut and polished precious and semi-precious stones for the treatment and re-import as per customs rules and regulations. In case of re-export, the exporter shall be entitled for duty drawback as per rules.

4.52 Re-import of rejected Jewellery

Gems & Jewellery exporters shall be allowed to re-import rejected precious

metal jewellery as per paragraph 4.91 of Handbook of Procedures.

4.53 Export and import on consignment basis

Gems & Jewellery exporters shall be allowed to export and import diamond, gemstones & jewellery on consignment basis as per Handbook of Procedures and Customs Riles and Regulations.

i Para 4.14 of FTP is amended yate Notification No-54 dated 22.3.2018

ii Para 4.25(c) is amended vide wification No-57 dated 28.3.2018 iii Para 4.27(iv) is amended vide Notification No.57 dated 28.3.2018

iv Para 4.29 (vi) & (vii) & re amended vide Notification No. 13 dated 20.06.2018